

## **Telangana State-Profile**

Telangana became the 29th state of India on 2<sup>nd</sup> June 2014. The State is richly endowed with natural and human resources with competitive socio-economic advantages. Its geographical spread of 1, 14,840 Sq Km makes it the 12th largest State in the country. A projected population of 3.52 Crores as per 2011 census makes it the 12th most populous State.

It consists of the ten north-western districts of Andhra Pradesh with **Hyderabad** as its capital. It has an area of 114,840 km<sup>2</sup> and is the twelfth largest state in India. Most of it was part of the princely state of Hyderabad (Medak and Warangal Divisions), which was ruled by the Nizams during the British Raj until 1947, and later until 1948, when it joined the Union of India. In 1956, Hyderabad state was dissolved and Andhra State was merged with the Telangana region of the state of Hyderabad to form the state of Andhra Pradesh. The city of Hyderabad will continue to serve as the joint capital for Andhra Pradesh and the successor state of Telangana for a period of ten years. Hyderabad, Warangal, Karimnagar and Nizamabad are the major cities in the state. The commonly spoken languages are Telugu, Hindi, Urdu and English.

### **Economy:**

The Economy of Telangana is mainly driven by agriculture. Two important rivers of India, the Godavari and Krishna, flow through the state, providing irrigation. Rice, cotton, mango and tobacco are the local crops. Recently, crops used for vegetable oil production such as sunflower and peanuts have gained favour. There are many multi-state irrigation projects in development, including Godavari River Basin Irrigation Projects and Nagarjuna Sagar Dam, the world's highest masonry dam.

The state has also started to focus on the fields of information technology and biotechnology. Telangana is one of top IT exporting states of India. There are 68 Special Economic Zones in the state. Mines and minerals, Textiles and apparels, IT industry, Bulk drugs and pharmaceutical, horticulture, poultry farming are the main industries in Telangana.

The State Government is in the process of developing Industrial Parks at different places, for specific groups of industries. The existing parks are Software Park at

Hyderabad, Hitec city for software units, Apparel Park at Gundlapochampalli, Export Promotion Park at Pashamylaram, Bio-technology park at Turkapally.

Telangana is a mineral-rich state, with coal reserves at Singaerni Collieries. There are extensive coal deposits, which are excavated by the Singareni Collieries Company, for power generation and industrial purposes. There are limestone deposits in the area, which are used by cement factories. Telangana also has deposits of bauxite and mica. Kothagudem, Jammikunta, Palwancha are amongst the industrial towns in the state. There are extensive coal deposits, which are excavated by the Singareni Collieries Company, for power generation and industrial purposes. There are limestone deposits in the area, which are used by cement factories. Telangana also has deposits of bauxite and mica. Kothagudem, Jammikunta, Palwancha are amongst the industrial towns in the state.

- Between 2004-05 and 2012-13, the average annual GSDP growth of Telangana was 17.87% and India was 15.58%. The growth in Telangana was mainly driven by the industry and services sectors.
- In 2012-13, the services sector at Rs. 1,14,046 crores, contributed 58.1% to the GSDP (at constant prices). It is followed by industry sector, contributing 27.9% (Rs. 54,687 crores) and the agriculture sector's contribution of 14% (Rs. 27,450 crores).
- The services sector had fastest growth of 11.31% followed by industry sector (10.04%) and agriculture sector (6.89%) between 2004-05 and 2012-13.

### **Political:**

The Assembly is consists 119 Members of the Legislative Assembly and 40 Member of the Legislative Council. The main players in the regional politics are the Telangana Rashtra Samithi, Telugu Desam Party and Indian National Congress. Following the Telangana Legislative Assembly Election in 2014, the Telangana Rashtra Samithi under Kalvakuntla Chandrashekar Rao was elected to power.

### **Top 5 Industries(Sectors):**

The Top 5 Industries(sectors) in Telangana state are

Information Technology

Pharmaceuticals

Biotechnology

Manufacturing

Aviation/Defense

### **Top 5 MNCs:**

Microsoft, Bayer Crop Sciences, AMD, Mylan Laboratories, Monsanto Seeds, Nvidia, International Paper

### **Top 5 domestic companies:**

Cyient Enterprises, D.Reddy's Laboratories, Aurobindo Pharma, Mahindra, Nagarjuna Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited

### **Potential Inward Investments:**

IT, ITeS, Power, Food Processing, Irrigation, Infrastructure, Automobiles, Medical Devices & Equipment, Life Sciences, Defence, Healthcare, Renewable Energy, Textiles, Education

### **Potential Outward Investments:**

Agriculture, Mining, Infrastructure, Pharmaceuticals & Bulk Drugs